

# **B2GOLD CORP.**

**Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements June 30, 2013 and 2012** 

(Unaudited)

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except shares and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

		For the three months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2012		For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the six months ended June 30, 2012
Gold revenue	\$	122,635	\$ 57,330	\$	277,488	\$ 121,203
Cost of sales						
Production costs Depreciation and depletion Royalties and production taxes Inventory fair value adjustments on CGA acquisition		(63,428) (18,906) (4,100)	(20,751) (7,436) (666)		(133,773) (33,137) (8,039)	(43,087) (14,054) (3,881)
(non-cash) (Note 6)		(515)	-		(32,869)	-
Total cost of sales		(86,949)	(28,853)		(207,818)	(61,022)
Gross profit		35,686	28,477		69,670	60,181
Gain on sale of Brucejack royalty (Note 9) General and administrative Share-based payments (Note 13) CGA acquisition costs (Note 6)		44,496 (10,509) (6,070)	(4,726) (6,939)		44,496 (17,289) (8,985) (5,859)	(9,079) (10,803)
Foreign exchange gains/(losses) Accretion of mine restoration provisions Other		157 (652) (1,111)	112 (447) (1,389)		(1,433) (1,355) (2,306)	544 (893) (1,717)
Operating income		61,997	15,088		76,939	38,233
Write-down of long-term investments (Note 8) Unrealized (loss)/gain on derivative instruments (Note15) Community relations Interest and financing expense Other		(14,987) (4,035) (2,599) (428) (720)	326 (1,258) (65) (135)		(18,481) (6,449) (3,297) (775) (1,439)	326 (2,159) (65) (33)
Income before withholding and other taxes		39,228	13,956		46,498	36,302
Current income tax, withholding and other taxes Deferred income tax (Note 9)		(3,128) (3,029)	389 (2,408)		(9,616) (3,748)	(4,677) (5,142)
Net income for the period	\$	33,071	\$ 11,937	\$	33,134	\$ 26,483
Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$	33,071	\$ 11,937 -	\$	33,134	\$ 26,483 -
Net income for the period	\$	33,071	\$ 11,937	\$	33,134	\$ 26,483
Earnings per share (attributable to shareholders of the Company) Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.05 0.05	\$ 0.03 0.03	\$ \$	0.05 0.05	\$ 0.07 0.07
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in thousands) Basic Diluted		643,681 646,609	382,167 388,883		622,663 626,965	380,923 388,371

### B2GOLD CORP.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars) (Unaudited)

	or the three months ended ine 30, 2013	For the three months ended lune 30, 2012	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the six months ended June 30, 2012
Net income for the period	\$ 33,071	\$ 11,937	\$ 33,134	\$ 26,483
Other comprehensive loss				_
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net earnings: - Exchange differences on translating foreign operations - Unrealized loss on investments (Note 8) Reclassification adjustment for impairment loss on investment to net earnings (Note 8)	(12,863) - 3,138	(5,630) (1,964)	(22,014) (3,138) 4,545	(1,483) (1,964)
Other comprehensive loss for the period	(9,725)	(7,594)	 (20,607)	(3,447)
Total comprehensive income for the period	23,346	4,343	12,527	23,036

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars) (Unaudited)

(emadalod)	For the three months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2012	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the six months ended June 30, 2012
Operating activities				
Net income for the period Mine restoration provisions settled	\$ 33,071 (399)	\$ 11,937 (1,253)	\$ 33,134 (594)	\$ 26,483 (2,893)
Non-cash charges (credits) Gain on sale of Brucejack royalty (Note 9) Depreciation and depletion	(44,496) 18,906	7,436	(44,496) 33,137	- 14,054
Inventory fair value adjustments on CGA acquisition (Note 6) Amortization of deferred revenue (Note 14)	515 (9,387)	- -	32,869 (18,782)	- -
Write-down of long-term investments (Note 8)	14,987 6,070	6,939	18,481 8,985	10,803
Share-based payments (Note 13) Unrealized loss/(gain) on derivative instruments	4,035	(326)	6,449	(326)
Deferred income tax expense	3,029	2,408	3,748	5,142
Accretion of mine restoration provisions	652	447	1,355	893
Other	 4,563	203	 2,403	701
Cash provided by operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital	31,546	27,791	76,689	54,857
Changes in non-cash working capital	(7,868)	(11,330)	(2,668)	(13,089)
Cash provided by operating activities after				
changes in non-cash working capital	 23,678	16,461	74,021	41,768
Financing activities				
Revolving credit facilities, net draw downs (Note 11) Masbate project loan repayments (Note 11)	25,000 (14,043)	-	50,000 (18,524)	-
Restricted cash (Note 11)	9,000	_	9,000	_
Common shares issued for cash (Note 13)	7,255	3,588	8,554	7,213
Payment of finance lease obligations (Note 11)	(2,101)	-	(3,864)	-
Financing costs relating to credit facility (Note 11) Interest and commitment fees paid	(3,779) (865)	-	(3,779) (1,300)	(64)
Other	(150)	(9)	(150)	(9)
Cash provided by financing activities	20,317	3,579	 39,937	7,140
Investing activities				
Cash acquired on CGA acquisition (Note 6)	-	-	56,088	-
CGA acquisition costs paid (Note 6)	-	-	(16,012)	-
Cash proceeds from sale of Brucejack royalty (Note 9) Otjikoto Mine construction	44,496 (35,038)	-	44,496 (42,875)	-
Otjikoto mobile mine equipment	(22,893)	-	(22,893)	-
Gramalote, prefeasibility and exploration	(17,708)	(5,205)	(32,545)	(8,844)
Libertad Mine, development and sustaining capital	(7,147)	(10,257)	(12,105)	(17,365)
Libertad Mine, Jabali development	(4,611)	(3,138)	(8,127)	(4,653)
Masbate Mine, development and sustaining capital Limon Mine, development and sustaining capital	(6,617) (3,941)	(3,621)	(10,813) (7,986)	(11,442)
Masbate Mine, exploration	(1,482)	(3,021)	(3,517)	(11,442)
Otjikoto, development and exploration	(2,325)	(5,131)	(3,968)	(12,243)
Libertad Mine, exploration	(1,735)	(2,214)	(2,720)	(4,674)
Limon Mine, exploration	(1,577)	(1,313)	(2,407)	(2,438)
Loan to EVI (Note 9) Purchase of EVI preference shares (Note 9)	(6,600)	-	(6,600)	-
Purchase of long-term investments (Note 8)	_	(5,068)	(6,458) (3,997)	(5,068)
Other	(1,838)	(4,503)	(3,812)	(7,135)
Cash used by investing activities	 (69,016)	(40,450)	(86,251)	(73,862)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 (25,021)	(20,410)	27,707	(24,954)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	120,677	97,748	67,949	102,292
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 95,656	\$ 77,338	\$ 95,656	\$ 77,338

Supplementary cash flow information (Note 17)

# **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars) (Unaudited)

		As at June 30, 2013	As at December 31, 2012
Assets			
Current  Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and prepaids Value-added and other tax receivables Inventories (Note 7)	\$	95,656 27,188 16,560 72,780	\$ 67,949 7,695 18,737 41,608
		212,184	135,989
Long-term investments (carried at quoted market values) (Note 8)		21,622	3,661
Value-added tax receivables (Note 6)		41,937	-
Mining interests (Note 9 and Note 21 - Schedules)		1,575,449	534,724
Goodwill (Note 6)		137,295	-
Other assets (Note 10)		37,062	2,091
	\$	2,025,549	\$ 676,465
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Deferred revenue (Note 14)  Current portion of long-term debt (Note 11)  Current taxes payable  Current portion of unrealized fair value of derivative instruments (Note 15)  Current portion of mine restoration provisions (Note 12)  Other	\$	47,105 18,622 9,600 6,896 4,407 4,217 425	\$ 24,223 - 13,797 143 4,217 1,501
		91,272	43,881
Unrealized fair value of derivative instruments (Note 15)		2,185	-
Long-term debt (Note 11)		61,312	-
Mine restoration provisions (Note 12)		50,958	27,659
Deferred income taxes (Note 6)		228,187	34,148
Employee benefits obligation		5,832	4,458
Equity		439,746	110,146
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital (Note 13)			
Issued: 650,871,284 common shares (Dec 31, 2012 - 393,307,942)		1,471,707	468,550
Contributed surplus		40,080	35,383
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(27,400)	(6,793)
Retained earnings		95,941	62,807
	-	1,580,328	559,947
Non-controlling interests		5,475	6,372
		1,585,803	566,319
	\$	2,025,549	\$ 676,465
Acquisition of CGA Mining Limited (Note 6) Subsequent event (Note 9 and 11)			
Approved by the Board "Clive T. Johnson" Director	"Rober	t J. Gayton"	Director

Balance at June 30, 2013

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

\$ 1,471,707

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars) (Unaudited)

						2013				
	Share capital	Co	ntributed surplus	Retai	ned earnings	compr	mulated other rehensive oss	COI	Non- ntrolling terests	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 468,550	\$	35,383	\$	62,807	\$	(6,793)	\$	6,372	\$ 566,319
January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013:  Net income for the period Shares issued for CGA Mining acquisition Cumulative translation adjustment Reclassify unrealized loss on investment from AOCL to income statement Unrealized loss on investments Shares issued for cash on exercise of stock options Shares issued on vesting of RSU Shares issued to EVI (Note 9) Share-based payments - expensed Share-based payments - capitalized to mining	984,870 - - - 1,954 5,960 7,600		(5,960) 8,985		33,134		- (22,014) 4,545 (3,138) - - -		- (897) - - - - -	33,134 984,870 (22,911) 4,545 (3,138) 1,954 - 7,600 8,985
interests  Tax benefit related to share issue costs (Note 9)  Transfer to share capital the fair value assigned	1,972		2,473 -				-		-	2,473 1,972
to stock options from contributed surplus	801		(801)		-		-		-	-

40,080

\$

95,941

(27,400)

\$

5,475

\$ 1,585,803

						201	12		
	Share capital	C	ontributed surplus	Retai	ned earnings		cumulated other prehensive loss	Non- entrolling enterests	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 435,048	\$	22,712	\$	13,631	\$	-	\$ 3,943	\$ 475,334
January 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012:									
Net income for the period	-		-		26,483		-	-	26,483
Cumulative translation adjustment	-		-		-		(1,483)	(48)	(1,531)
Unrealized loss on investment	-		-		-		(1,964)	-	(1,964)
Shares issued for cash:									
Exercise of stock options	3,746		-		-		-	-	3,746
Exercise of warrants Incentive Plan	3,458		-		-		-	-	3,458
Shares issued on vesting of RSU	9 2.902		(2,902)		-		-	-	9
Share-based payments - expensed	2,902		10,803		-		-	-	10,803
Share-based payments – capitalized to	-		10,603		-		-	-	10,003
mining interests	_		2.459		_		_	_	2.459
Transfer to share capital the fair value assigned			2,400						2,400
to stock options & warrants from contributed									
surplus	4,492		(4,492)		-		-	-	-
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ 449,655	\$	28,580	\$	40,114	\$	(3,447)	\$ 3,895	\$ 518,797
July 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012:									
Net income for the period	-		-		25,424		-	-	25,424
Cumulative translation adjustment	-		-		-		(3,903)	(254)	(4,157)
Funding of non-controlling interests	-		-		(2,731)		-	2,731	-
Unrealized loss on investment	-		-		-		557	-	557
Shares issued for cash on exercise of stock									
options	1,404		-		-		-	-	1,404
Shares issued for Trebol & Pavon	16,814				-		-	-	16,814
Share based payments - expensed	-		5,832		-		-	-	5,832
Share based payments – capitalized to mining			4.040						4.040
interests Transfer to share capital the fair value assigned	-		1,648		-		-	-	1,648
to stock options & warrants from contributed									
surplus	677		(677)		_				_
oui piuo	 011		(011)						
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 468,550	\$	35,383	\$	62,807	\$	(6,793)	\$ 6,372	\$ 566,319

June 30, 2013

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### 1 Nature of operations

B2Gold Corp. ("B2Gold" or the "Company") is a Vancouver-based gold producer with three operating mines (two in Nicaragua and one in the Philippines) and a portfolio of development and exploration assets in Namibia, Nicaragua, Colombia, and Uruguay. The Company acquired control of CGA Mining Limited ("CGA") on January 16, 2013, including its producing mine, the Masbate Mine, in the Philippines (Note 6).

The Company operates the Libertad Mine and the Limon Mine in Nicaragua and, commencing on January 16, 2013, the Masbate Mine in the Philippines. The Company has a 90% interest in the Otjikoto gold project in Namibia (Note 9), a 49% interest in the Gramalote property in Colombia, a 51% interest in the Primavera project in Nicaragua (Note 9), an 80% interest in the Cebollati property in Uruguay, and an interest in the Quebradona property in Colombia. The Company owns the Trebol and Pavon properties in Nicaragua and the Bellavista property in Costa Rica. The Company also has a 51% interest in a joint venture in Nicaragua with Calibre Mining Corp. ("Calibre"), with an option to acquire an additional 19% interest, and a 60% interest in two joint ventures in Nicaragua with Radius Gold Inc. ("Radius").

On June 4, 2013, the Company announced that its common shares had been approved to list on the NYSE MKT LLC ("NYSE MKT") and subsequently began trading under symbol "BTG" on June 6, 2013. The Company's shares will continue to be listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under symbol "BTO" and on the Namibian Stock Exchange under the symbol "B2G". The Company withdrew its shares from listing on the OTCQX concurrent with listing its shares on the NYSE MKT.

B2Gold's head office is located at Suite 3100, Three Bentall Centre, 595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V7X 1J1.

## 2 Basis of preparation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 12, 2013.

These interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the most recent audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, with the exception to the changes in accounting policies as described in Notes 3 and 4 below.

### 3 Changes in accounting policies

The Company has adopted the following policy in 2013, in conjunction with the acquisition of CGA:

#### Financial instruments

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are interest bearing and are initially measured at fair value, subsequently recorded at amortized cost. Lease liabilities are designated as financial liabilities.

June 30, 2013

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

#### Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date. It requires consideration as to whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A reassessment is made after inception of the lease only if one of the following applies:

- (a) There is a change in contractual terms, other than a renewal or extension of the arrangement
- (b) A renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless the term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- (c) There is a change in the determination of whether fulfilment is dependent on a specified asset; or
- (d) There is a substantial change to the asset.

Where a reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c) or (d) and at the date of the renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

#### Company as a lessee

Finance leases, which transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and the reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized in the statements of operations.

Capitalized leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of operations on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### 4 New accounting policies effective January 1, 2013

#### Consolidated Financial Statements - IFRS 10

This standard establishes control as the basis for an investor to consolidate its investee; it defines control as an investor's power over the investee with exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee and the ability to affect the investor's return through its power over the investee. At January 1, 2013, the Company adopted this standard and there was no impact on its comparative unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### Joint Arrangements - IFRS 11

This standard replaces the guidance in IAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures. Under IFRS 11, joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations (the Company presently does not have any joint operations) or joint ventures. Joint venture entities are now accounted for using the equity method.

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Upon application of IFRS 11, entities which had previously accounted for joint ventures using proportionate consolidation shall present the proportionately consolidated net asset value as a single investment balance at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The investment's opening balance is tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 28 and IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

Any impairment losses are recognized as an adjustment to opening retained earnings at the beginning of the earliest period presented. At January 1, 2013, the Company adopted this standard and there was no impact on its unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities - IFRS 12

This IFRS shall be applied by companies with an interest in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates or unconsolidated structured entities. The application of this standard intends to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature of and risks associated with a Company's interests in other entities, and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows. Companies will be required to disclose information about significant judgments and assumptions made in determining the control of another entity, the joint control of an arrangement or significant influence over another entity and the type of joint arrangement when the arrangement has been structured through a separate vehicle. This standard is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2013. At January 1, 2013, the Company adopted this standard and there was no impact on its unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### Fair value measurement - IFRS 13

This IFRS aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across IFRS. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within IFRS. This standard is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2013. At January 1, 2013, the Company adopted this standard and the required interim disclosures are included in Note 16 of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine – IFRIC 20

This interpretation applies to waste removal costs that are incurred in open pit mining activity during the production phase of the mine. Recognition of a stripping activity asset requires the asset to be related to an identifiable component of the ore body. Stripping costs that relate to inventory produced should be accounted for as a current production cost in accordance with IAS 2, "Inventories". Stripping costs that generate a benefit of improved access and meet the definition of an asset should be accounted for as an addition to an existing asset. Existing stripping costs on the balance sheet at transition that do not relate to a specific ore body should be written off to opening retained earnings. The stripping activity asset shall be depreciated on a systematic basis, over the expected useful life of the identified component of the ore body that becomes more accessible as a result of the stripping activity. This interpretation is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2013. At January 1, 2013, the Company adopted this standard and there was no impact on its unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### 5 Changes in accounting standards not yet effective

#### Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement - IFRS 9

This is the first part of a new standard on classification and measurement of financial assets that will replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". IFRS 9 has two measurement categories: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt

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instrument is recorded at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest. Otherwise it is measured at fair value with changes in fair value through profit or loss. In addition, this new standard has been updated to include guidance on financial liabilities and derecognition of financial instruments. This standard is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2015. The extent of the impact of adoption of IFRS 9 has not yet been determined.

### 6 Acquisition of CGA Mining Limited

On January 31, 2013, the Company and CGA announced that they had completed the combination of the two companies (the "Merger") by way of a court-approved scheme of arrangement (the "Scheme of Arrangement") and the merger implementation agreement dated September 18, 2012 between the Company and CGA (the "Merger Implementation Agreement"). Under the terms of the Merger, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding ordinary shares of CGA based on an exchange ratio of 0.74 of a common share of B2Gold for each CGA ordinary share. In addition, all of the outstanding stock options of CGA were cancelled and the former holders thereof received that number of B2Gold shares that corresponded to the value of the "in-the-money" portion of their CGA options. Upon closing of the Merger, CGA became a wholly-owned subsidiary of B2Gold.

As a result, B2Gold issued an aggregate of 250,039,641 common shares to the former CGA shareholders, representing approximately 39% of B2Gold's common shares issued and outstanding upon closing the Merger. An additional 1,933,557 common shares of B2Gold were issued to former CGA option holders upon cancellation of their stock options. As at January 31, 2013, following completion of the Merger, there were approximately 645,382,471 issued and outstanding common shares of B2Gold.

The business combination was accounted for using the acquisition method, with B2Gold as the acquirer of CGA. For accounting purposes, the Acquisition Date was determined to be January 16, 2013, the date at which the Company obtained control of CGA. The primary asset acquired was CGA's Masbate Mine located in the Philippines.

The cost of the acquisition was approximately \$985 million, being the fair value of B2Gold shares issued, based on the issuance of 251,973,198 B2Gold shares at Cdn.\$3.85 per share (the opening share price on the TSX on January 16, 2013) and a foreign exchange rate of Cdn.\$0.985 to \$1.

B2Gold's acquisition related costs of \$5.9 million have been charged to acquisition costs in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

These consolidated financial statements include CGA's results commencing from January 16, 2013. The revenue included in the consolidated statement of operations since January 16, 2013 contributed by CGA was \$63.1 million and \$149.6 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013. Had CGA been consolidated from the start of January 1, 2013, the consolidated statement of operations would include additional revenue of \$nil (no gold sales were made by CGA from January 1, 2013 to January 15, 2013).

The following table sets forth a preliminary allocation of the purchase price to assets and liabilities acquired, based on preliminary estimates of fair value. This is a preliminary purchase price allocation and therefore subject to adjustment over the course of 2013 on completion of the valuation process and analysis of resulting tax effects.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

	\$
Preliminary purchase price allocation:	
Cash and cash equivalents	56,088
Restricted cash	9,000
Accounts receivable and prepaids	11,368
Inventories	
- Product inventory	55,036
<ul> <li>Ore stockpile inventory, current portion</li> </ul>	6,955
- Supplies inventory	11,677
Note receivable from RTG Mining Inc.	2,560
Mining interests	
- Masbate Mine	526,280
- Masbate undeveloped mineral interest	389,673
- Pajo exploration property	15,128
Long-term Investments	22.422
- St. Augustine Gold & Copper Limited	20,193
- Sierra Mining Limited	6,038
- RTG Mining Inc.	4,806
Value-added tax receivables, long-term	37,731
Other long-term assets	00.000
- Ore stockpile inventory	22,800 150
- Other	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(31,982)
Current tax payable	(1,674) (18,524)
Masbate project loan facility Deferred revenue - fair value of gold contracts (Note 14)	(37,404)
Finance lease obligations, including current portion	(25,228)
Mine restoration provisions, including current portion	(20,261)
Deferred income taxes	(192,263)
Other long-term liabilities	(572)
Goodwill	137,295
Purchase price - 251,973,198 common shares of B2Gold issued on acquisition	984,870

Included in CGA's accounts payable and accrued liabilities on January 16, 2013 was \$10.1 million for CGA's transaction costs relating to the business combination, all paid subsequently in the first quarter of 2013.

The Masbate Mine's gold bullion inventory and current portion of ore stockpile inventory were increased by \$32.9 million to reflect their fair values on acquisition, of which \$32.4 million and \$0.5 million was expensed and included in cost of sales in the first and second quarter of 2013, respectively.

Goodwill of \$137.3 million resulting from the acquisition arises fully on the recognition of deferred income tax liabilities on the transaction. None of the goodwill is deductible for tax purposes.

The value of approximately \$390 million assigned to undeveloped mineral interest at the Masbate Mine was attributable to (i) mineralized material within mineral resources that management believes can be brought into production and (ii) exploration potential for deposits the Company has the legal right to access, and based on interpretation of information and results, including geological data, that were available at the acquisition date. Amounts assigned to undeveloped mineral interest are not expensed (or depreciated) until the undeveloped mineral interest either becomes associated with additional proven and

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

probable reserves and the reserves are produced or the undeveloped mineral interest is determined to be impaired.

### 7 Inventories

Gold and silver bullion In-process inventory Ore stock-pile inventory Materials and supplies

As at June 30, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
20,573 8,206	11,554 4,128
6,277	543
37,724	25,383
72,780	41,608

### 8 Long-term investments

As at June 30, 2013

As at December 31, 2012

	Ownership %	Cost \$	Fair Value \$	AOCL \$	Ownership %	Cost \$	Fair Value \$	AOCL \$
Available-for-sale investments:								
St. Augustine Gold & Copper Ltd. RTG Mining Inc.	13.8% 19.0%	20,193 8,803	12,842 5,658			-	-	-
Sierra Mining Limited Calibre Mining Corp.		6,038 5,068	2,171 951		10.6%	5,068	3,661	(1,407)
Balance, end of period	_	40,102	21,622			5,068	3,661	(1,407)

The Company holds available-for-sale investments in certain public companies, as disclosed in the table above. On January 16, 2013, the Company, through its acquisition of CGA, acquired investments in the securities of St. Augustine Gold & Copper Ltd., RTG Mining Inc. (formerly "Ratel Group Limited"), and Sierra Mining Limited (Note 6). In addition, the Company participated in a private placement of RTG Mining Inc. and purchased 30.8 million of its common shares for approximately \$4 million on February 2, 2013.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company recorded an impairment loss totalling \$18.5 million (of which \$15 million related to an increase in the unrealized loss during the second quarter of 2013) in the statement of operations, as a result of a significant further decline in the fair value of each of its available-for-sale equity securities, including \$4.5 million that was reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL") to net earnings in the six month period (of which \$3.1 million related to the second quarter of 2013).

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

# 9 Mining interests

	As at June 30, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
Property, plant & equipment (depletable) Masbate Mine, Philippines (Note 6)		
Cost (includes leased assets of \$26.8 million) Accumulated depreciation and depletion	543,003 (16,201)	-
	526,802	-
Libertad Mine (including Jabali), Nicaragua Cost	242,418	215,941
Accumulated depreciation and depletion	(64,083)	(51,673)
	178,335	164,268
Limon Mine, Nicaragua Cost	116,200	105,727
Accumulated depreciation and depletion	(34,814)	(27,349)
	81,386	78,378
Masbate undeveloped mineral interests (Note 6)	389,673	-
Mineral properties (non-depletable) Otjikoto, Namibia	174,364	118,798
Mocoa, Colombia	28,025	27,539
Trebol & Pavon, Nicaragua Pajo, Philippines (Note 6)	25,395 16,065	24,333
Cebollati, Uruguay	9,375	9,051
Calibre, Nicaragua	7,953	7,112
	261,177	186,833
Corporate & other Bellavista, Costa Rica	2,604	2,601
Office, furniture and equipment, net	833	645
	3,437	3,246
	1,440,810	432,725
Investments (incorporated joint ventures) accounted for using the equity method		
Gramalote, Colombia	133,438	100,798
Quebradona, Colombia	1,201	1,201
	134,639	101,999
	1,575,449	534,724

**June 30, 2013**(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### Sale of the Brucejack royalty

On May 13, 2013, the Company completed the sale to Franco-Nevada Corporation of all of its right, title and interest in and to an existing 1.2% net smelter returns royalty ("NSR"), covering Pretium Resources Inc.'s ("Pretium") Brucejack gold project in northwestern British Columbia for \$45 million in cash. The sale was completed pursuant to the terms of a royalty purchase agreement between the Company and Franco-Nevada Corporation dated May 8, 2013.

The Brucejack royalty had been acquired by B2Gold in connection with the acquisition of Central Sun Mining Inc. ("Central Sun") in March 2009. For accounting purposes, no value of the total purchase price relating to the business combination with Central Sun had been allocated to the NSR, based upon an evaluation of the likely cash flows arising from the NSR. In the period since the original accounting for the business combination the Company previously determined that the NSR did not fulfil the threshold for recognition as an asset as it did not have sufficient assurance over the likelihood of future cash flows from the NSR to record an asset, consistent with the original business combination accounting. As a result, in the second quarter of 2013, the Company recorded a \$44.5 million pre-tax gain on disposal of the NSR, net of related transaction costs of \$0.5 million.

The Company has determined that for tax purposes it would utilize certain of its Canadian tax losses and past share issue costs to fully offset the gain on the sale of the NSR. In accordance with IAS 12 - Income Taxes, a deferred tax expense was recorded for \$2 million in the second quarter of 2013 which related to the portion of the past share issue costs that were utilized on the sale. As these share issue costs were originally recognized in equity, the deferred tax credit related to the utilization of these share issue costs was also recorded in equity.

### Otjikoto

On March 20, 2013, B2Gold Namibia (Proprietary) Limited ("B2Gold Namibia"), a subsidiary of the Company, acquired from two Namibian banks all of the issued and outstanding Class A and Class B preference shares in the capital of EVI Gold (Proprietary) Limited ("EVI") for total consideration of approximately \$6.5 million. B2Gold Namibia was then owned indirectly 92% by B2Gold and 8% by EVI, a Namibian black empowerment company.

On April 10, 2013, the Company entered into an investment agreement (the "Investment Agreement") with EVI pursuant to which, among other things, EVI agreed to purchase common shares of the Company with an aggregate subscription price of \$7.6 million. The subscription price was satisfied by a payment of \$6.6 million to the Company and a \$1 million payment as consideration for EVI assigning to the Company its existing right to acquire an additional 5% interest in the Otjikoto gold project. It is expected that the proceeds from the sale of the common shares of the Company will be used by EVI to redeem the preference shares held by B2Gold Namibia. In addition, EVI also agreed to exercise its right to acquire an additional 2% interest in the Otjikoto gold project for a purchase price of \$5 million.

On April 10, 2013, BKWE Ventures Limited ("BKWE"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a loan agreement with EVI pursuant to which BKWE agreed to loan up to \$11.6 million to EVI so that EVI could satisfy the payments required under the Investment Agreement, including the cash payment for the purchase for common shares and the acquisition of the additional 2% interest in the Otjikoto gold project. The loans accrue interest at a rate of up to 5% per annum and are secured by a pledge of the shares of the Company and B2Gold Namibia that are held by EVI. The loan is expected to be repaid from EVI's share of available cash from the operations of the Otjikoto gold mine.

Subsequent to June 30, 2013, on July 9, 2013, EVI exercised its right to acquire the additional 2% interest in the Otjikoto Project. Accordingly, the Company and EVI now hold a 90% and 10% interest, respectively, in the Otjikoto Project and EVI has no further right to increase its interest in the Otjikoto Project.

June 30, 2013

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

#### Calibre

On April 24, 2013, the Company and Calibre Mining Corp. ("Calibre") signed a letter agreement (the "Letter Agreement") granting the Company an option to acquire a further 19% interest in and to the Primavera Gold-Copper Porphyry Project in northeast Nicaragua. Calibre currently has a 49% interest in the Project, while the Company has a 51% interest and is project operator.

This Letter Agreement confirms the agreement between the Company and Calibre to enter into a definitive Joint Venture Agreement ("JV Agreement") with respect to the Project, which will contain an option for the Company to earn an additional 19% interest in and to the Project for a total interest of 70% by spending Cdn.\$6 million in additional project expenditures over 3 years. Upon entering into the JV Agreement, the original Option Agreement between the Company and Calibre (entered into in June 2009 and amended in July 2010 and October 2010) will terminate and be superseded by the JV Agreement.

In conjunction with the Letter Agreement, Calibre applied to the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") to approve amendments to the terms of 10 million common share purchase warrants (the "Warrants") of Calibre held by the Company. The Warrants were issued to the Company pursuant to a non-brokered private placement of 20 million units at a price of Cdn.\$0.25 per unit, which closed on May 2, 2012. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one Warrant, with each Warrant entitling the Company to purchase an additional common share of the Company until May 2, 2013 at an exercise price of Cdn.\$0.50. Pursuant to the amendments, the Warrants were amended by extending the term of the Warrants by one additional year from May 2, 2013 to May 2, 2014 (the "Amended Expiry Date") and by reducing the exercise price of the Warrants from Cdn.\$0.50 to Cdn.\$0.10 (the "Amended Exercise Price").

If during the term of the amended Warrants, the closing price of the Company's common shares on the Exchange exceeds during a period of 10 consecutive trading days the Amended Exercise Price by 25%, then the Amended Expiry Date will be deemed to be automatically accelerated as a result of which the amended Warrants will expire on the earlier of the 37th calendar day following the tenth trading day and the Amended Expiry Date. All other terms and conditions of the Warrants remained unchanged.

#### Bellavista

On June 21, 2013, the Company completed an option to purchase agreement with Alray Investments Inc. (the "Optionee"), a private company, pursuant to which the Company agreed to grant the Optionee an option to purchase a 100% interest in the Company's Bellavista project located in Miramar, Costa Rica. The Optionee has the right to exercise the option at any time prior to October 22, 2014. On the exercise of the option, the transaction will be structured as an acquisition by the Optionee of 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Central Sun Mining Enterprises Ltd. ("CSME"), which indirectly holds the 100% interest in the Bellavista project. During the term of the option, the Optionee will be entitled to undertake project assessment work, including conducting diamond drilling, metallurgical testing and other exploration programs. In order to exercise the option, the Optionee is required to pay to the Company an administration fee, grant the Company a 2% net smelter returns royalty on the sale of minerals produced from the Bellavista project and pay certain amounts in respect of equipment that is owned by CSME and its subsidiaries at the time that the option is exercised.

June 30, 2013

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### 10 Other assets

	As at June 30, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
Low grade ore stockpiles (Note 6) EVI loan receivable (Note 9) EVI preference shares (Note 9)	22,800 6,600 6,458	-
Other	1,204 37,062	2,091

Long-term ore in stockpiles represents low grade material not currently scheduled for processing at the Masbate Mine.

## 11 Long-term debt

	As at June 30, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
Revolving corporate credit facility - Principal amount owing at June 30, 2013 - Less: unamortized transaction costs	50,000 (3,573)	- -
	46,427	-
Finance lease obligations (Note 6)	21,364	-
Equipment loan	3,121	-
	70,912	-
Less: current portion	(9,600)	-
	61,312	-

#### Revolving corporate credit facility

On April 16, 2013, the Company announced the closing of a new senior secured revolving credit facility ("Senior Credit Facility") with a syndicate of banks. The Senior Credit Facility is comprised of three tranches of \$50 million each for a total of \$150 million and has replaced the prior \$25 million revolving credit facility with Macquarie Bank Limited. The term of the Senior Credit Facility will be for a period of four years with a final repayment date of March 28, 2017 and the facility has an interest rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 3.5%. The Senior Credit Facility is a revolving facility and is being used to fund construction and development costs related to the Otjikoto Project in Namibia and for general corporate purposes. The Credit Facility is secured by a general security agreement from the Company granting a security interest over the Company's material assets, pledges creating a charge over the shares of certain of the Company's subsidiaries and guarantees from certain of the Company's material subsidiaries guaranteeing the obligations of the Company relating to the Credit Facility, all in favour of the

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Lenders. Transaction costs relating to the Senior Credit Facility totalled \$3.8 million and are being amortized over the term of the facility. The principal amount owing under the Senior Credit Facility has been presented on the Consolidated Balance Sheet net of the unamortized balance of transaction costs.

As at June 30, 2013, the Company had drawn down a total of \$50 million under the Senior Credit Facility, leaving an unused balance of \$100 million at June 30, 2013. In the first quarter of 2013, the Company drew down \$25 million under its then existing revolving credit facility. This facility was repaid in April 2013 with drawdowns on the new \$150 million Senior Credit Facility. Availability of the third tranche of \$50 million remains subject to satisfaction of certain conditions at the time of drawing including conditions regarding security granted or to be granted to the lenders under this facility in Nicaragua and Namibia. The Company expects that it will be able to satisfy the conditions to proceed with drawing the third tranche of the Senior Credit Facility as needed. Subsequent to June 30, 2013, the Company drew down a further \$25 million under the Senior Credit Facility.

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, approximately \$0.7 million of interest expense was capitalized to Otjikoto Project development costs.

### Masbate project loan facility

On May 26, 2008, CGA had secured an \$80.3 million project finance facility arranged by BNP Paribas Bank (as a syndicated facility) (the "Masbate Facility"), which was fully drawn during CGA's 2009 financial year to fund the development of the Masbate Mine. The Masbate Facility bore interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 3.15% per annum and was collateralized against the Masbate Mine. The Masbate Facility included customary covenants for debt financings of this type. On January 16, 2013, upon the acquisition of CGA, there was an outstanding balance of approximately \$18.5 million under the Masbate Facility.

On March 28, 2013, the Company made a principal repayment of \$4.5 million on the Masbate Facility. On June 28, 2013, the Company made a final repayment of approximately \$14 million, paying off the Masbate Facility in full. Restricted cash of \$9 million which had been held with BNP Paribas Bank as required under the Masbate Facility Project facility agreement was released to the Company.

#### Finance lease obligations

CGA, through several of its subsidiaries, entered into a finance lease for certain mobile equipment at the Masbate operations. The lease details are specified in a mining services agreement with Leighton Contractors (Philippines) Incorporated and Leighton Holdings Limited. The leased assets have terms that are between three and six years, up to March 2017. The Company has determined that the lease represents a finance lease and that the risks and benefits under this lease arrangement reside with a subsidiary of CGA. The Company has assumed CGA's finance lease obligations as a result of the acquisition of CGA on January 16, 2013. As at June 30, 2013, the finance lease was composed of the following obligations:

	Minimum lease payments \$	of minimum lease payments \$
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	8,856 14,364 -	8,613 12,751 -
Less future finance charges	23,220 (1,856)	21,364
Present value of minimum lease payments	21,364	21,364

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### Equipment loan

During the first quarter of 2013, a subsidiary of the Company purchased mobile heavy equipment valued at \$4.2 million for its Libertad operation. The Company paid 20% of the value of the equipment in cash and entered into two credit contracts with Caterpillar Crédito S.A de C.V for the remaining 80%. The contracts have a sixty month term, with quarterly payments of principal and interest at a variable rate of LIBOR plus 4.1%. The loan is secured by the equipment.

### 12 Mine restoration provisions

The following table shows the movement in the liability for mine restoration provisions:

	As at June 30, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
Balance, beginning of period Acquired during the period (Note 6) Reclamation spending Accretion expense Revisions to estimate of provision	31,876 20,261 (594) 1,355 2,277	28,107 - (3,486) 1,776 5,479
Balance, end of period Less: current portion	55,175 (4,217)	31,876 (4,217)
	50,958	27,659

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### 13 Capital stock

	For the six months ended June 30, 2013		For the ende December	ed
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Shares ('000's)	Amount \$	Shares ('000's)	Amount \$
Balance, beginning of period	393,308	468,550	382,495	435,048
Issued during the period: For CGA acquisition (Note 6) Shares issued to EVI (Note 9) For cash, on exercise of stock options On vesting of Restricted Share Units For Trebol & Pavon properties For cash, on exercise of warrants For cash, Incentive Plan Tax benefit related to share issue costs (Note 9) Transfer to share capital the fair value assigned to stock options/share purchase	251,973 2,513 1,227 1,850 - -	984,870 7,600 1,954 5,960 - - - 1,972	3,586 798 4,816 1,613	5,150 2,902 16,814 3,458 9
warrants exercised from contributed surplus	-	801	-	5,169
	257,563	1,003,157	10,813	33,502
Balance, end of period	650,871	1,471,707	393,308	468,550

On June 14, 2013, pursuant to an Investment Agreement with EVI, the Company issued approximately 2.5 million common shares to EVI for total consideration of \$7.6 million, consisting of a payment of \$6.6 million to the Company and a \$1 million payment as consideration for EVI assigning to the Company its existing right to acquire an additional 5% interest in the Otjikoto gold project (Note 9).

On January 31, 2013, upon closing of the Merger, B2Gold issued approximately 252 million common shares in exchange for all of the issued and outstanding shares of CGA (Note 6).

On August 10, 2012, pursuant to a share purchase agreement with Radius dated July 24, 2012, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Trebol and Pavon exploration properties in Nicaragua by issuing approximately 4.8 million common shares to Radius.

### Stock options

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, approximately 14.4 million and 15.6 million stock options, respectively, were granted to employees and directors with exercise prices ranging from Cdn.\$2.50 to Cdn.\$3.80 per share. These stock options have a term of five years and vest over a period of up to three years. The estimated fair value of these options totalling \$18.2 million is being recognized over the vesting period. The fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on a risk-free annual interest rate of up to 1.21%, an expected life of up to 3.5 years, an expected volatility ranging from 54% to 58%, and a dividend yield rate of nil.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, approximately 0.2 million and 10 million stock options, respectively, were granted to employees and directors with exercise prices ranging from Cdn.\$3.06 to Cdn.\$3.93 per share. These stock options have a term of five years and vest over a period of up to three years. The estimated fair value of these options totalling \$14.7 million is being recognized over the vesting period. The fair value was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on a risk-free annual interest rate of up to 1.21%, an expected life of up to 3.5 years, an expected volatility ranging from 58% to 69%, and a dividend yield rate of nil.

Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions regarding the expected volatility. Changes in assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

For the three months ended June 30, 2013, share-based payments expense, relating to the vesting of stock options, was \$1.6 million (Q2 2012 - \$2.1 million), net of \$0.6 million (Q2 2012 - \$0.7 million) capitalized to mining interests.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, share-based payments expense, relating to the vesting of stock options, was \$4.1 million (2012 - \$6 million), net of \$1.6 million (2012 - \$2 million) capitalized to mining interests.

A summary of changes to stock options outstanding:

	Number of outstanding options ('000's)	Weighted- average exercise price (in Cdn.\$)
Outstanding at December 31, 2011 Granted Exercised Forfeited or expired	15,282 11,116 (3,586) (278)	1.90 3.16 1.43 3.16
Outstanding at December 31, 2012 Granted Exercised Cancelled or forfeited	22,534 15,615 (1,227) (47)	2.58 3.07 1.59 2.99
Outstanding at June 30, 2013	36,875	2.81

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

Stock options outstanding and exercisable as at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Range of exercise prices (in Cdn.\$)	Number of outstanding options ('000's)	Weighted- average years to expiry	Weighted- average exercise price (in Cdn.\$)	Number of exercisable options ('000's)	Weighted- average exercise price (in Cdn.\$)
0.00 - 0.99 1.00 - 1.99 2.00 - 2.99 3.00 - 3.99 4.00 - 4.99	2,570 923 5,104 28,203 75	1.09 1.53 2.52 4.18 2.20	0.80 1.51 2.42 3.11 4.00	2,570 828 3,848 6,837 75	0.80 1.47 2.41 3.13 4.00
	36,875	3.66	2.81	14,158	2.40

### Restricted share unit plan

On May 6, 2011, the Company's Board of Directors approved a Restricted Share Unit Plan (the "RSU Plan") whereby restricted share units ("RSU") may be granted to directors, executive officers and employees of the Company. Adoption of the RSU Plan was part of the Company's continuing effort to build upon and enhance long term shareholder value. The RSU Plan reflects the Company's commitment to a long term incentive compensation structure that aligns the interests of its directors, executive officers and employees with the interests of its shareholders. Once vested, each RSU is redeemable for one common share entitling the holder to receive the common share for no additional consideration. The Company has reserved 8 million common shares for issuance under the RSU Plan.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company granted approximately 2.4 million and 2.9 million RSU, respectively, to executive officers and employees of the Company. One-third of the RSU vested immediately on the day of grant, another one-third will vest one year from the grant date with the remainder vesting two years from the grant date. The total estimated fair value of the RSU granted was approximately \$9 million based on the market value of the Company's shares at the grant date. The fair value of each RSU is recorded as a share-based payments expense (and either charged to operations or capitalized to mining interests) over the vesting period.

For the three months ended June 30, 2013, share-based payments expense, relating to the vesting of RSU, was \$4.5 million (Q2 2012 - \$3.2 million), net of \$0.5 million (Q2 2012 - \$0.5 million) capitalized to mining interests.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, share-based payments expense, relating to the vesting of RSU, was \$4.9 million (Q2 2012 - \$3.2 million), net of \$0.9 million (Q2 2012 - \$0.5 million) capitalized to mining interests.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

A summary of changes to RSU outstanding:

	Number of outstanding RSU ('000's)
Outstanding at December 31, 2011 Granted Vested and converted to common shares	- 2,401 (798)
Outstanding at December 31, 2012 Granted Vested and converted to common shares	1,603 2,937 (1,850)
Outstanding at June 30, 2013	2,690

### Incentive plan

On June 29, 2007, the Company established the B2Gold Incentive Plan (the "Incentive Plan") for the benefit of directors, officers, employees and service providers of the Company and issued to the trustees of the Incentive Plan options to acquire 4.955 million common shares. On October 12, 2007, following the exercise of these options, an aggregate of 4.955 million common shares were issued to and paid for by the trustees of the Incentive Plan. These shares were held in trust by the trustees pursuant to the terms of the Incentive Plan. The Company is required under IFRS to consolidate the trust. The Company recognizes a share-based compensation expense with respect to these incentive shares, when these shares are granted to the ultimate beneficiaries by the trust. The proceeds received from the trustees have been classified as related party loans on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

On May 28, 2012, 0.5 million common shares were awarded from the trust under the Incentive Plan to a senior employee, George Johnson, of the Company. In connection with the award, the Company recorded a share-based payments expense of \$1.6 million (the market value of the shares on the date of the award). At June 30, 2013, approximately 3.5 million common shares remain held in the Company's Incentive Plan trust.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### 14 Deferred revenue and gold commitments

As a result of the acquisition of CGA, the Company assumed its gold forward contracts relating to the Masbate project for 50,225 ounces of gold with settlements scheduled between January 31, 2013 and December 31, 2013 at an average price of \$913 per ounce. The fair value of these contracts (required to be recognized as part of the Company's acquisition accounting as the fixed terms of the contracts were unfavourable compared to market terms for similar contracts) was estimated to be negative \$37.4 million on January 16, 2013. The fair value was calculated using spot and forward prices and volatilities.

The acquired gold forward contracts are excluded from the scope of IAS 39 ("Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement"), as they are non-financial instruments that qualify for the own use exemption and do not contain any embedded derivatives which would require to be accounted for separately from the executory host contracts. As a result, these contracts are not subsequently re-measured at fair value after initial recognition and are reduced through a corresponding adjustment to revenue consistent with the timing of revenue recognition criteria being met for the gold deliveries made under the terms of contract. At June 30, 2013, the amount of \$18.6 million was outstanding and was presented on the consolidated balance sheet as deferred revenue, and is expected to be amortized over the remainder of the contract terms.

At June 30, 2013, the following gold forward contracts with respect to the Masbate Mine were outstanding (by maturity dates), having an estimated total fair value of negative \$7 million.

	 Q3 2013	Q4 2013	Total
Gold forward contracts: - Ounces - Average price per ounce	\$ 12,657 917	\$ 12,661 927	\$ 25,318 922

In addition, under the terms of the Senior Credit Facility (Note 11), the Company is required to maintain gold contracts, within certain parameters, over the term of the facility in order to manage the risk of volatility in the Company's future operating income and reduce risk in respect of debt service obligations. As a result, the Company entered into a series of rand denominated gold forward contracts in the second quarter of 2013 for 117,984 ounces of gold with settlements scheduled between January 30, 2015 and December 31, 2018 at an average price of 14,909 rand per ounce. These contracts are excluded from the scope of IAS 39, accounted for as executory contracts as they were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of delivery in accordance with the Company's expected production schedule. No fair value gains and losses on these commodity contracts have been recorded in the financial statement. The effect of these contracts will be to provide a fixed price in rand for a portion of gold sales. At June 30, 2013, the following gold forward contracts with respect to the Otjikoto Project were outstanding (by maturity dates), having an estimated total fair value of \$3 million.

	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
Gold forward contracts: - Ounces - Average price per ounce	30,996	30,996	30,996	24,996	117,984
(rand)	14,759	14,859	14,973	15,078	14,909

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### 15 Derivative financial instruments

The Company has entered into foreign currency contracts to manage its foreign currency exposure of forecast expenditures denominated in Namibian dollars relating to the development of its Otjikoto project. As the Namibian dollar is pegged to the South African rand, the Company enters into foreign currency contracts between the South African rand and the United States dollar due to their greater liquidity.

At June 30, 2013, forward currency contracts totalling \$13 million at an average rate of 9.34 rand were outstanding with maturity dates ranging from July 2013 to December 2014. In addition, "zero-cost put/ call" collar contracts totalling \$54 million were outstanding with maturity dates ranging from August 2013 to December 2014 with an average floor price of 8.99 rand and an average ceiling price of 9.89 rand.

These derivative instruments were not designated as hedges by the Company and are recorded at their fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the fair value are included in the statement of operations for the period. For the three month and six month period ended June 30, 2013, the Company recorded an unrealized derivative loss of \$2.8 million and \$5.2 million, respectively. In addition, for the three month and six month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company recorded a realized derivative loss of \$0.8 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

The following is a summary, by maturity dates, of the Company's foreign currency contracts outstanding as at June 30, 2013:

		2013		2014		Total	
Rand forward contracts: - Notional amount - Average contract price	\$ \$	7,000 8.78	\$ \$	6,000 9.68	\$ \$	13,000 9.34	_
Rand zero-cost collars: - Floor amount - Average floor price	\$ \$	24,000 8.59	\$ \$	30,000 9.29	\$ \$	54,000 8.99	
<ul><li>Ceiling amount</li><li>Average ceiling price</li></ul>	\$ \$	24,000 9.12	\$ \$	30,000 10.47	\$ \$	54,000 9.89	

In the second quarter of 2013, as a result of the requirements under the Senior Credit Facility, the Company also entered into a series of two for one "zero-cost put/ call" collar contracts for gold with settlements scheduled between January 30, 2015 and December 31, 2018 with an average floor price of \$1,000 per ounce and an average ceiling price of \$1,733 per ounce. These derivative instruments were not designated as hedges by the Company and recorded at their fair value at the end of each reporting period with changes in fair value recorded in the statement of operations. Adjustments to the market value are included in the statement of operations. For the three month and six month period ended June 30, 2013, the Company recorded an unrealized derivative loss of \$1.2 million in the statement of operations.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The following is a summary, by maturity dates, of the Company's gold collar contracts outstanding as at June 30, 2013:

	2015	2016	2017	Total	
Gold zero-cost collars: - Floor amount (ounces) - Average floor price	\$ 6,000 1,000	\$ 6,000 1,000	\$ 6,000 1,000	\$ 18,000 1,000	•
<ul><li>Ceiling amount (ounces)</li><li>Average ceiling price</li></ul>	\$ 12,000 1,733	\$ 12,000 1,733	\$ 12,000 1,733	\$ 36,000 1,733	

### 16 Financial instruments

The Company's financial assets and liabilities consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, loan receivable from EVI (Notes 9 and 10), long-term investments (Note 8), investment in EVI preference shares (Note 9), accounts payable and accrued liabilities, South African rand foreign exchange derivative contracts (Note 15), gold derivative contracts (Note 15) and debt (Note 11).

#### Fair values

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input significant to the fair value measurement based on the fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

As at June 30, 2013, the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are measured and recognized at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized as follows:

	As at June 30, 2013		As at December 31, 2012	
	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	95,656	-	67,949	-
Long-term Investments (Note 8) Derivative liabilities (Note 15)	21,622 -	6,592	3,661 -	143

The carrying values of accounts receivable, the investment in EVI preference shares and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are representative of their respective fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The carrying value of the Company's Senior Credit Facility is representative of its fair value due to the floating rate nature of this instrument and the insignificant effect of changes in the Company's credit risk on the credit spread of the loan facility. The carrying value of the loan receivable from EVI is representative of its respective fair value as the credit spread on the loan is approximately equal to the risk premium of the counterparty.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing its capital is to ensure it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders. The selling price of gold, minimizing production costs and a successful exploration environment are key factors in helping the Company reach its capital risk management objectives. The capital structure of the Company includes shareholders' equity and debt.

#### Credit risk

As at June 30, 2013, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk was the book value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, value added and other taxes receivables and the loan receivable from EVI. The Company limits its credit exposure on cash and cash equivalents by holding its deposits mainly with high credit quality financial institutions as determined by credit agencies.

### Liquidity risk

As at June 30, 2013, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$95.7 million. Cash provided by operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital totalled \$31.5 million and \$76.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. On April 16, 2013, the Company announced that it had closed a fully underwritten \$150 million Senior Credit Facility (Note 11).

As at June 30, 2013, the Company had the following significant commitments (in addition to those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements):

- For the purchase of 0.4 million gallons of diesel over the next four years valued at an estimated \$1.7 million. The timing and amount of these costs will depend on diesel consumption but it is expected that the entire \$1.7 million will be incurred in 2013.
- For the purchase of \$9.3 million of equipment for the construction of the mill, crusher and processing tanks at the Otjikoto project in Namibia. The timing and amount of these costs will depend on delivery of the components but \$7.2 million is expected to be incurred in 2013 and the remaining \$2.1 million in the first half of 2014.
- For the purchase of \$1.9 million of civil works and equipment for the construction of mining camp at the Otjikoto project in Namibia. The timing and amount of these costs will depend on delivery of the components but it is expected that the entire \$1.9 million will be incurred in 2013.

#### Market risk

Market risk includes currency and price risk.

The Company's operations in foreign countries are subject to currency fluctuations and such fluctuations may materially affect the Company's financial position and results. The Company reports its financial results in United States dollars and incurs expenses in United States dollars, Canadian dollars, Nicaraguan córdobas, Colombian pesos, Namibian dollars and Philippine pesos. As the exchange rates between the Canadian dollar, Colombian peso, Namibian dollar and Philippine pesos fluctuate against the United States dollar, the Company will experience foreign exchange gains and losses. The exchange rate between the córdoba and the United States dollar varies according to a pattern set by the Nicaraguan Central Bank. The córdoba has been annually devalued versus the United States dollar by means of a crawling peg mechanism which currently stands at approximately 5%. All of the Company's gold production activities are currently conducted in Nicaragua and the Philippines.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

Starting in the second quarter of 2012, the Company entered into foreign currency contracts to manage its foreign currency exposure of forecasted expenditures denominated in Namibian dollars relating to the development of its Otjikoto project (Note 15). As the Namibian dollar is pegged to the South African rand, the Company enters into foreign currency contracts between the South African rand and the United States dollar due to their greater liquidity.

The Company also holds cash and cash equivalents that are denominated in non-United States dollar currencies which are subject to currency risk. As at June 30, 2013, \$82.1 million of the Company's \$95.7 million in cash and cash equivalents was held in United States dollars.

The Company's operations expose it to changes in the price of gold. A 5% increase/(decrease) in the price of gold would have resulted in an increase/(decrease) in earnings of approximately \$11.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 based on gold revenue. The Company's earnings also could be affected by the prices of other commodities such as fuel and other consumable items, although to a lesser extent than by the price of gold. The prices of these commodities are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control.

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

# 17 Supplementary cash flow information

Supplementary disclosure of cash flow information is provided in the table below:

_	For the three months ended June 30, 2013 \$	For the three months ended June 30, 2012 \$	For the six months ended June 30, 2013 \$	For the six months ended June 30, 2012 \$
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Common shares issued for CGA acquisition (Note 6) Common shares issued to EVI on assignment of its right to acquire an additional 5%	-	-	984,870	-
interest in the Otjikoto property (Note 9)	1,000	-	1,000	-
Share-based compensation, capitalized to resource property interests	1,067	1,188	2,473	2,459
Mining equipment purchased under equipment loan (Note 11)	-	-	3,271	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities relating to resource property expenditures	6,486	(954)	7,809	487

## 18 Compensation of key management

Key management includes the Company's directors, members of the Executive Committee and members of Senior Management. Compensation to key management included:

	For the three	For the three	For the six	For the six
	months ended	months ended	months ended	months ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and short-term employee benefits	3,963	778	4,712	1,428
Share-based payments	2,721	4,267	3,661	4,638

Salaries and short-term employee benefits was higher than the 2012 comparative periods due to cash bonuses paid to senior management in April 2013.

June 30, 2013

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

## 19 Segmented information

The Company's reportable segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are summarized in the following tables.

For the three months ended June 30, 2013

_	Limon Mine \$	Libertad Mine \$	Masbate Mine \$	Otjikoto Project \$	Gramalote Project \$	Other Mineral Properties \$	Corporate & Other \$	Total \$
Gold revenue	19,983	39,589	63,063	-	-	-	-	122,635
Production costs	9,659	19,056	34,713	-	-	-	-	63,428
Cost of sales – inventory fair value adjustments on CGA acquisition (Note 6)	-	-	515	-	-	-	-	515
Depreciation & depletion	4,095	5,511	9,300	-	-	-	46	18,952
Net income (loss)	3,653	6,650	(1,407)	-	-	(142)	24,317	33,071
Capital expenditures	5,518	13,493	8,099	60,256	17,708	1,653	38	106,765

### For the three months ended June 30, 2012

	Limon Mine \$	Libertad Mine \$	Masbate Mine \$	Otjikoto Project \$	Gramalote Project \$	Other Mineral Properties \$	Corporate & Other \$	Total \$
Gold revenue	17,275	40,055	-	-	-	-	-	57,330
Production costs	8,253	12,498	-	-	-	-	-	20,751
Depreciation & depletion	2,230	5,206	-	-	-	-	40	7,476
Net income (loss)	2,898	19,070	-	-	-	16	(10,047)	11,937
Capital expenditures	4,934	15,609	-	5,131	5,205	4,393	13	35,285

June 30, 2013

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

### For the six months ended June 30, 2013

<u>.</u>	Limon Mine \$	Libertad Mine \$	Masbate Mine \$	Otjikoto Project \$	Gramalote Project \$	Other Mineral Properties \$	Corporate & Other \$	Total \$
Gold revenue	44,888	82,996	149,604	-	-	-	-	277,488
Production costs	20,117	36,190	77,466	-	-	-	-	133,773
Cost of sales – inventory fair value adjustments on CGA acquisition (Note 6)	-	-	32,869	-	-	-	-	32,869
Depreciation & depletion	7,761	11,672	13,704	-	-	-	88	33,225
Net income (loss)	8,144	19,632	1,838	-	-	(273)	3,793	33,134
Capital expenditures	10,393	22,952	14,330	69,736	32,545	3,428	279	153,663

#### For the six months ended June 30, 2012

	Limon Mine \$	Libertad Mine \$	Masbate Mine \$	Otjikoto Project \$	Gramalote Project \$	Other Mineral Properties \$	Corporate & Other \$	Total \$
Gold revenue	37,105	84,098	-	-	-	-	-	121,203
Production costs	17,264	25,823	-	-	-	-	-	43,087
Depreciation & depletion	4,376	9,678	-	-	-	-	81	14,135
Net income (loss)	7,441	34,678	-	-	-	(63)	(15,573)	26,483
Capital expenditures	13,880	26,692	-	12,243	8,844	7,144	37	68,840

June 30, 2013

(All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

The Company's mining interests are located in the following geographical locations.

	As at June 30, 2013 \$	As at December 31, 2012 \$
Mining interests		
Philippines	932,540	-
Nicaragua	293,069	274,091
Namibia	174,364	118,798
Colombia	162,664	129,538
Uruguay	9,375	9,051
Costa Rica	2,604	2,601
Canada	833	645
	1,575,449	534,724

## B2GOLD CORP.

# MINING INTERESTS SCHEDULE (NOTE 20)

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 (All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars) (Unaudited)

,	Cost					Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying value	
	Opening balance at Dec. 31, 2012	Additions	Disposals/ write-offs	Cumulative translation adjustments	Closing balance at June 30, 2013	Opening balance at Dec. 31, 2012	Depreciation	Disposals/ write-offs	Closing balance at June 30, 2013	As at June 30, 2013	As at Dec. 31, 2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, plant & equipment											
Masbate Mine	-	543,003			543,003	-	(16,201)		- (16,201)	526,802	-
Masbate undeveloped mineral interests	-	389,673			- 389,673	-	-			389,673	-
Libertad (including Jabali)	215,941	26,477			242,418	(51,673)	(12,410)		- (64,083)	178,335	164,268
Limon	105,727	10,473	,	-	- 116,200	(27,349)	(7,465)		- (34,814)	81,386	78,378
	321,668	969,626			1,291,294	(79,022)	(36,076)		- (115,098)	1,176,196	242,646
Mineral properties "exploration & evaluation"											
Otjikoto	118,798	78,023		(22,457)	174,364	-	-			174,364	118,798
Mocoa	27,539	486			28,025	-	-			28,025	27,539
Trebol & Pavon	24,333	1,062			25,395	-	-			25,395	24,333
Pajo	-	16,065			16,065	-	-			16,065	-
Cebollati	9,051	324			9,375	-	-			9,375	9,051
Calibre	7,112	841			7,953	-	-			7,953	7,112
	186,833	96,801		- (22,457)	) 261,177	-	-			261,177	186,833
Corporate & other											
Bellavista	2,601	3			2,604	-	-			2,604	2,601
Office, furniture & equipment	1,173	276			1,449	(528)	(88)		- (616)	833	645
	3,774	279			4,053	(528)	(88)		- (616)	3,437	3,246
Investments (incorporated joint ventures)											
Gramalote	100,798	32,640			133,438	-	-			133,438	100,798
Quebradona	1,201	-		-	- 1,201	-	-			1,201	1,201
	101,999	32,640			- 134,639	-	-			134,639	101,999
	614,274	1,099,346		(22,457)	) 1,691,163	(79,550)	(36,164)		- (115,714)	1,575,449	534,724

## B2GOLD CORP.

# MINING INTERESTS SCHEDULE (NOTE 20)

For the year ended December 31, 2012 (All tabular amounts are in thousands of United States dollars) (Unaudited)

	Cost				Accumulated depreciation				Net carrying value		
	Opening balance at Dec. 31, 2011	Additions	Disposals/ write-offs	Cumulative translation adjustments	Closing balance at Dec. 31, 2012	Opening balance at Dec. 31, 2011	Depreciation	Disposals/ write-offs	Closing balance at Dec. 31, 2012	As at Dec. 31, 2012	As at Dec. 31, 2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, plant & equipment (depletable)											
Libertad (including Jabali)	172,568	47,057	(3,684)	-	215,941	(28,773)	(23,437)	537	(51,673)	164,268	143,795
Limon	72,229	33,498	-	-	105,727	(16,719)	(10,630)	-	- (27,349)	78,378	55,510
	244,797	80,555	(3,684)	-	321,668	(45,492)	(34,067)	537	7 (79,022)	242,646	199,305
Mineral properties (non-depletable)											
Otjikoto	102,804	21,683	-	(5,689)	118,798	-	_			118,798	102,804
Мосоа	23,795	3,744	-	-	27,539	-	-			27,539	23,795
Cebollati	5,565	3,486	-	-	9,051	-	-			9,051	5,565
Trebol & Pavon	4,667	19,666	-	-	24,333	-	-			24,333	4,667
Calibre	1,590	5,522	-	-	7,112	-	-			7,112	1,590
Other	228	812	(1,040)	-	-	-	-			-	228
	138,649	54,913	(1,040)	(5,689)	186,833	-	-			186,833	138,649
Corporate & other											
Bellavista	3,071	2	(472)	-	2,601	-	-			2,601	3,071
Office, furniture & equipment	1,106	67	-	-	1,173	(374)	(154)		(528)	645	732
	4,177	69	(472)	-	3,774	(374)	(154)		- (528)	3,246	3,803
Investments (incorporated joint ventures)											
Gramalote	69,579	31,219	-	-	100,798	-	-			100,798	69,579
Quebradona	1,201	-	-	-	1,201	-	-			1,201	1,201
	70,780	31,219	-	-	101,999	-	-			101,999	70,780
	458,403	166,756	(5,196)	(5,689)	614,274	(45,866)	(34,221)	537	7 (79,550)	534,724	412,537